

SpellingKids — Level 4 Word List

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Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Abbot	/'æbət//	Noun	Latin (via Old English)	The head of a monastery for monks.
Able	/'eɪbəl//	Adjective	Latin (via Old French)	Having the necessary power, skill, means, or opportunity to do something.
Abreast	/'æbrɛst//	Adverb	Old English	Side by side and facing the same way; alongside.
Abuzz	/'æbʌz//	Adjective	English	Filled with a continuous humming sound; full of excitement or activity.
Accrete	/'ækri:t//	verb	Latin	To grow by gradual accumulation of additional layers or matter.
Acicula	/'æsɪkjʊlə//	noun	Latin	A bristle-like part or structure, especially one of the spines of some sea urchins.
Act	/'ækt//	Noun, Verb	Latin	A deed, action, or the process of doing something.
Addax	/'ædæks//	Noun	Arabic	A large, pale antelope with long, spiral horns, native to the Sahara Desert.
Adlib	/'æd.lɪb//	Verb, Adjective	Latin	To improvise; spoken or performed without preparation.
Adore	/'ədɔ:r//	Verb	Latin	To love and respect someone very much.
Aerator	/'ɛərəɪtər//	Noun	Greek	A device that introduces air into a liquid or substance.
Affinal	/'əfaɪnəl//	Adjective	Latin	Related by marriage.
Afoul	/'əfaʊl//	Adverb	Middle English	In a state of entanglement or collision.
Agar	/'ɑ:gɑ:r//	Noun	Malay	A gelatinous substance obtained from seaweeds, used in culture media and as a thickener.
Agnail	/'ægneɪl//	Noun	Old English	A hangnail.
Aguish	/'eɪgɪ_u_ɪ//	Adjective	Old French	Resembling or characteristic of an ague.
Aim	/'eɪm//	Verb	Old French	To point or direct a weapon or object.
Airlock	/'ɛər.lɔ:k//	Noun	English	An airtight compartment that allows people or objects to pass between areas of different air pressure.
Akala	/'əkɑ:lə//	Noun	Hawaiian	A Hawaiian raspberry.
Album	/'ælbəm//	Noun	Latin	A blank book for collecting items, or a collection of recordings.
Algesia	/'æl'dʒɪ:ziə//	Noun	Greek	Sensitivity to pain.
Aliunde	/'æli'ʌndɪ//	Adverb	Latin	From another source; from elsewhere.
Allow	/'əlaʊ//	Verb	Old French	To permit (something) or to permit (someone) to do something.
Aloud	/'əlaʊd//	Adverb	Old English	Audibly; not silently or in a whisper.

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Amah	//ə'mə//	Noun	Portuguese	A wet nurse or maid in Eastern countries, especially China or India.
Amid	//ə'mɪd//	Preposition	Old English	In the middle of; surrounded by.
Amongst	//ə'mʌŋst//	Preposition	Old English	Surrounded by; in the company of (more formal version of among).
Anaqua	//ə'nɑ:kwe//	Noun	Spanish (from Indigenous language)	A small evergreen tree (Ehretia anacua) native to Texas and Mexico.
Angel	//'eɪndʒəl//	Noun	Greek (via Latin and Old French)	A spiritual being acting as a messenger of God.
Anisette	//,æni'set//	Noun	French	A colorless liqueur flavored with anise.
Anosmic	//æ'nɑ:zmɪk//	Adjective	Greek	Lacking the sense of smell.
Antilogy	//æn'tɪlədʒi//	Noun	Greek	A contradiction in terms or ideas; an opposition of words or passages.
Aphagia	//ə'feɪdʒiə//	Noun	Greek	Inability or refusal to swallow.
Apolune	//'æpə,lʊ:n//	Noun	Latin/Greek	The point in the orbit of a spacecraft or satellite around the Moon at which it is furthest from the Moon.
Apteryx	//'æptərɪks//	Noun	Greek	A genus of flightless, nocturnal birds endemic to New Zealand, commonly known as kiwis.
Arch	//ɑ:rtʃ//	Noun, Verb, Adjective	Latin, Greek	A curved symmetrical structure spanning an opening and typically supporting the weight of a bridge, roof, or wall above it.
Argute	//ɑ:r'gju:t//	Adjective	Latin	Shrewd; subtle; keen.
Armorial	//ɑ:r'mɔ:riəl//	Adjective	Latin	Relating to heraldry or coats of arms.
Art	//ɑ:rt//	noun	Latin via Old French	The expression or application of human creative skill and imagination.
Ascot	//'æskɑ:t//	noun	English	A broad necktie that is looped under the chin and secured with a tie pin.
Ask	//æsk//	verb	Old English	To say something in order to obtain an answer or some information.
Assign	//ə'saɪn//	verb	Latin	To allocate (a job or duty) or to designate something for a particular purpose.
Atease	//æt'i:z//	Adverb	English	In a state of comfort or relaxation.
Atrium	//'eɪtriəm//	Noun	Latin	An open-roofed entrance court in an ancient Roman house; a main hall.
Aught	//ɔ:t//	Pronoun	Old English	Anything at all.
Aurora	//ɔ:'rɔ:rə//	Noun	Latin	A natural electrical phenomenon characterized by the appearance of streamers of reddish or greenish light in the sky.

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Autumn	//ɔ:təm//	Noun	Latin	The season after summer and before winter, in the Northern Hemisphere from September to November.
Await	//ə'weɪt//	Verb	Old French	To wait for.
Awesome	//ɔ:səm//	Adjective	English	Extremely impressive or daunting; inspiring great admiration, apprehension, or fear.
Axle	//'æksəl//	Noun	Old Norse	A rod or spindle (either fixed or rotating) passing through the center of a wheel or group of wheels.
Babble	//'bæbəl//	Verb	Middle English	To make a continuous murmuring sound, as of water or voices.
Backhoe	//'bæk,həʊ//	Noun	English	A mechanical excavator with a digging bucket on the end of an articulated arm.
Bagasse	//bə'gæs//	Noun	French	Dry pulpy fibrous matter that remains after sugarcane or sorghum stalks are crushed to extract their juice.
Baker	//'beɪkər//	Noun	Old English	A person whose trade is making bread and cakes.
Ban	//bæn//	Noun, Verb	Old English	An official or legal prohibition.
Baobab	//'baʊ,bæb//	Noun	Arabic	A short, stout African tree with a very thick trunk and edible fruit.
Barker	//'bɑ:rkər//	Noun	Old Norse	A person who stands at the entrance to a show, fair, or the like, and calls out to passers-by to attract customers.
Basal	//'beɪsəl//	Adjective	Latin	Forming or belonging to a base; fundamental.
Bass	//beɪs//	Noun	Old English	The lowest part of the musical range; a male singer with a deep voice.
Batik	//bə'ti:k//	Noun	Malay	A method of dyeing fabric by covering parts of it with wax to resist the dye.
Beach	//bi:tʃ//	Noun	Old English	A pebbly or sandy shore at the edge of the sea or a lake.
Beastie	//'bi:sti//	Noun	Scottish	A small animal.
Bedtime	//'bed,tɑɪm//	Noun	English	The customary time for going to bed.
Befog	//bɪ'fɑg//	Verb	English	To obscure or make unclear, as if with fog.
Bellhop	//'bɛl,hɑp//	Noun	English	A person, typically in a hotel, who carries luggage and runs errands.
Bensch	//bɛnʃ//	Verb	Yiddish (from Hebrew)	To recite the grace after meals.
Best	//best//	Adjective	Old English	Of the most excellent or highest quality.
Between	//br'twi:n//	Preposition	Old English	At, in, or into the space separating two or more points, objects, or regions.
Bid	//bɪd//	Verb	Old English	To offer a price for something; to command or invite.
Bigwig	//'bɪg,wɪg//	Noun	English (big + wig)	An important person.
Bind	//baɪnd//	Verb	Old English	To tie or fasten (something) tightly; to cohere.

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Bireme	//ˈbaɪrɪ:m//	Noun	Latin	An ancient galley (boat) with two banks of oars.
Bivalent	//bɑːˈveɪlənt//	Adjective	Latin	Having a valency of two; having two homologous chromosomes paired in meiosis.
Blank	//blæŋk//	Adjective	Old French	(Of a surface or space) not written or printed on; empty.
Bless	//blɛs//	Verb	Old English	To invoke divine favor upon; to consecrate.
Blog	//blɑːɡ//	Noun	English (short for weblog)	A regularly updated website or web page, typically one run by an individual or small group, that is written in an informal or conversational style.
Bluegill	//ˈbluːɡɪl//	Noun	English	A freshwater fish of the sunfish family, native to North America.
Bobble	//ˈbɑːbl//	Noun	English	A small, rounded object or decoration; a slight mistake.
Boggle	//ˈbɑɡəl//	verb	Scottish, English	To astonish or overwhelm; to be startled or bewildered.
Bond	//bɑnd//	noun, verb	Old English	A thing used to tie or fasten things together; a connecting force or tie; to join or connect securely.
Book	//bʊk//	noun, verb	Old English	A written or printed work consisting of pages bound together; to reserve accommodation, a ticket, etc.
Bora	//ˈbɔrə//	noun	Italian	A cold, dry northerly wind blowing from the mountains onto the Adriatic coast.
Borzoi	//ˈbɔrˌzɔɪ//	noun	Russian	A breed of large, slender dog, originally from Russia.
Boulter	//ˈboʊltər//	Verb	Middle English	To sift (flour) with a boulder.
Bowl	//ˈboʊl//	Noun	Old English	A round, open-topped container used for holding liquids or food; a game played with bowls or pins.
Bradawl	//ˈbrædɔːl//	Noun	English (from brad + awl)	A small tool with a sharp point, used for making pilot holes for brads.
Brave	//breɪv//	Adjective	Old French	Ready to face and endure danger or pain; showing courage.
Breloque	//brəˈloʊk//	Noun	French	A small ornamental charm or trinket.
Brie	//briː//	Noun	French	A soft, creamy, mild-flavored cheese, originally made in France.
Brittany	//ˈbrɪtəni//	Proper Noun	French	A region of France, a peninsula extending into the Atlantic Ocean.
Brow	//braʊ//	noun	Old English	The part of the face above the eye; an eyebrow; the top of a hill or cliff.
Buck	//bʌk//	noun	Old English	A male deer, goat, or rabbit; a dollar; to resist stubbornly or jump.
Bugaku	//ˈbuːɡɑːkuː//	noun	Japanese	A traditional Japanese court dance performed to classical music, often involving elaborate costumes and masks.
Bulrush	//ˈbʊlˌrʌʃ//	noun	English	A tall, marsh-dwelling plant, typically a sedge or a cattail, with soft pithy stems.

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Bunraku	<i>/'bʊnrɑ:kʊ://</i>	noun	Japanese	A form of traditional Japanese puppet theatre, performed with large, elaborate puppets.
Burin	<i>/'bjʊərɪn//</i>	Noun	French	A steel tool used for engraving, especially in copper or wood.
Bushido	<i>/'bʊʃɪ,dʊs//</i>	Noun	Japanese	The code of honor and morals developed by the Japanese samurai.
Byline	<i>/'baɪlɪn//</i>	Noun	English	A line in a newspaper or magazine article stating the name of the writer.
Cabasa	<i>/'kə'bɑ:sə//</i>	Noun	Portuguese	A percussion instrument consisting of a cylinder with beads or chains draped around it, producing a rattling sound.
Caddy	<i>/'kædɪ//</i>	Noun	Malay (via English)	A small box or container, especially for tea.
Calando	<i>/'kə'lændʊs//</i>	Adverb	Italian	Gradually decreasing in tempo and volume (musical term).
Calque	<i>/'kælk//</i>	Noun	French	A word or phrase borrowed from another language by literal translation.
Camisa	<i>/'kə'mi:sə//</i>	Noun	Spanish	A loose-fitting shirt or blouse.
Cannot	<i>/'kæ,nɒt//</i>	Verb	English	Cannot, the contracted form of can not, meaning to be unable to do something.
Capture	<i>/'kæptʃər//</i>	Verb	Latin	To take into one's possession or control by force.
Carga	<i>/'kɑrgə//</i>	Noun	Spanish	A load or burden.
Caroline	<i>/'kærəlɪn//</i>	Adjective	Latin	Of or relating to Charles I or Charles II of England.
Cash	<i>/'kæʃ//</i>	Noun	Old French	Money in coins or banknotes, as opposed to checks or credit cards.
Catbird	<i>/'kætbɜːrd//</i>	noun	English	A North American songbird known for its cat-like call.
Caudillo	<i>/'kɔːdiːjʊs//</i>	noun	Spanish	A military dictator of a Latin American country.
Cebell	<i>/'sɛbəl//</i>	noun	Arabic	An archaic term for a small light ship, especially one used by pirates.
Cent	<i>/'sɛnt//</i>	noun	Latin	A monetary unit equal to one-hundredth of a dollar or other currency.
Changer	<i>/'tʃeɪndʒər//</i>	Noun	English	A person or thing that causes a change or exchanges something.
Charger	<i>/'tʃɑːrdʒər//</i>	Noun	English	A device for charging a battery; a large warhorse.
Cheka	<i>/'tʃɛkə//</i>	Noun	Russian	The first Soviet secret police organization, established in 1917.
Chevon	<i>/'ʃɛvən//</i>	This is a noun.	French	Meat from a young goat.
Chiller	<i>/'tʃɪlər//</i>	This is a noun.	English	A device for cooling something, or a frightening movie or book.
Chitin	<i>/'kɪtɪn//</i>	This is a noun.	French	A fibrous substance forming the exoskeleton of insects and crustaceans.

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Chordal	/'kɔrdəl//	This is an adjective.	Latin	Pertaining to a chord (musical or geometric).
Cichlid	/'sɪklɪd//	Noun	Greek	A type of freshwater fish, common in tropical regions.
Citrine	/'sɪtrɪn//	Noun	Latin	A yellow variety of quartz, used as a gemstone.
Claro	/'kla:rou//	Adjective	Spanish	Clear; often used in cigar terminology for a light-colored wrapper leaf.
Cleoid	/'kli:ɔɪd//	Adjective	Greek	Having a hook-shaped point, especially referring to dental instruments.
Closer	/'kloʊsər//	Adjective, Adverb, Noun	Old French	More close; a person who brings something to an end.
Cluck	/'klʌk//	Noun, Verb	Onomatopoeia	The short, guttural sound made by a hen; or to make such a sound.
Coco	/'koukɔu//	Noun	Spanish	A coconut palm or its fruit.
Coiner	/'kɔɪnər//	noun	Old French	A person who makes coins, or invents new words.
Collocal	/'kə'loukəl//	adjective	Latin	Located together or in the same place (rare).
Concho	/'kɑ:ntʃɔs//	Noun	Spanish	A shell-shaped ornament used in Native American jewelry.
Cooler	/'ku:lər//	Noun	Old English	A container or device for keeping things cool.
Cora	/'kɔ:rə//	Noun	Greek	A female given name.
Coronel	/'kɔ:rənəl//	Noun	Spanish	A military rank, equivalent to colonel, especially in Spanish-speaking countries.
Cot	/'kɒt//	Noun	Hindi	A light portable bed, especially one for a baby or for camping.
Councilor	/'kaʊnsələr//	Noun	Old French	A member of a council.
Cowslip	/'kaʊslɪp//	Noun	Old English	A small wild primula with clusters of fragrant yellow flowers.
Creepage	/'kri:pɪdʒ//	noun	English	The gradual movement or deformation of something over time.
Cringle	/'krɪŋɡəl//	Noun	Dutch	A loop or eye worked into the luff of a sail.
Cryology	/'kraɪ'ælədʒi//	Noun	Greek	The study of ice and snow.
Culicine	/'kju:lɪ'saɪn//	Adjective	Latin	Relating to or characteristic of mosquitoes, especially those of the genus Culex.
Cursor	/'kɜ:rsər//	Noun	Latin	A movable indicator on a computer screen that marks the position at which text will appear.
Cyst.	/'sɪst//	Noun	Greek	A membranous sac or cavity in the body, containing fluid.
Damsel	/'dæmzəl//	Noun	Old French	A young unmarried woman.
Danza	/'dænzə//	Noun	Spanish, Italian	A Spanish or Italian dance, or a piece of music for such a dance.
Dashpot	/'dæʃpɑ:t//	Noun	English	A mechanical device that resists sudden movement.

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Dayroom	//deɪru:m//	Noun	English (from day + room)	A common room in an institution (like a hospital or prison) used for daytime activities.
Decimalize	//dɛsɪməlaɪz//	Verb	English (from decimal)	To express or convert into the decimal system.
Deflead	//di'flɛd//	Verb	English	To remove lead from (e.g., gasoline).
Deme	//di:m//	Noun	Greek	A subdivision of ancient Attica; a local population of organisms of the same species.
Deskwork	//dɛskwɜ:rk//	Used as a noun.	English	Work performed at a desk, typically involving administrative or clerical tasks.
Dew	//du//	Noun	Old English (dēaw)	Tiny drops of water that form on cool surfaces at night.
Dianoia	//daɪə'noɪə//	Noun	Greek	Discursive thought; the capacity for rational thought, as distinct from intuition.
Dim	//dɪm//	adjective	Old English	Not shining brightly or clearly.
Diptych	//dɪptɪk//	noun	Greek	A work of art consisting of two panels, or a hinged, two-leaved tablet.
Distil	//dɪ'stɪl//	Verb	Latin	To purify a liquid by heating it until it vaporizes, then cooling and condensing the vapor.
Dockize	//dɒkəɪz//	Verb	English (dock + -ize)	To construct docks at.
Dogvane	//dɒg,veɪn//	Noun	English	A small weather vane, often on a ship, used to show the wind's direction.
Donna	//danə//	noun	Italian	A title of respect for a woman, especially in Italy; a lady.
Douceur	//du'sɜr//	noun	French	A gratuity or tip; a bribe.
Drakelet	//dreɪklɪt//	Noun	English (from drake + -let)	A young male duck.
Dromic	//dra:mɪk//	Adjective	Greek (dromos 'a course')	Relating to speed or running; relating to conduction along nerve fibers.
Dub	//dʌb//	Verb, Noun	Old English (dubban 'to strike')	(Verb) To give an official title or nickname; to replace the original audio in a film or video. (Noun) A sound recording technique.
Dunnock	//dʌnək//	Noun	Old English	A small, brown, perching bird, also called a hedge sparrow.
Duvet	//du:'veɪ//	Noun	French	A soft quilt used as a bed covering.
Earlier	//ɜ:riə//	adverb	Old English	Happening or done before the usual or expected time.
Eke	//i:k//	verb	Old English	To make (a living) with difficulty.
Emmet	//ɛmɪt//	Noun	Old English	An ant.
Enginery	//ɛndʒɪnəri//	Noun	Old French	Engines or machinery collectively.
Eolith	//iə,lɪθ//	Noun	Greek	A crudely flaked stone, considered by some to be the earliest tool made by humans.

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Epopée	//ɛpəˈpi//	Noun	Greek	An epic poem.
Eric	//ˈɛrɪk//	Proper Noun	Old Norse	A male given name.
Estoque	//ɛˈstouk//	Noun	Spanish	A type of sword, typically used by a matador to kill a bull.
Fabula	//ˈfæbjələ//	Noun	Latin	The chronological sequence of events in a narrative.
Faille	//faɪl//	Noun	French	A soft, somewhat shiny ribbed fabric, typically made of silk or rayon.
Faro	//ˈfɛrou//	Noun	French	A card game of chance.
Feebler	//ˈfiːblər//	Adjective (comparative)	English (from feeble)	More feeble or weaker.
Fermata	//fərˈmatə//	Noun	Italian	A pause of unspecified length on a note or rest.
Fiacre	//fiˈækər//	Noun	French	A small, four-wheeled horse-drawn carriage for hire.
Filasse	//fiˈlæs//	noun	French	Raw flax or hemp fiber, ready for spinning.
Firth	//fɜːrθ//	noun	Old Norse	A long, narrow inlet of the sea.
Flambeau	//ˈflæmˌboʊ//	Noun	French	A flaming torch.
Fleabane	//ˈfliːbeɪn//	Noun	English	A plant of the daisy family, traditionally thought to repel fleas.
Fob	//faːb//	noun, verb	English (uncertain origin)	A small pocket at the front of trousers for a watch; to trick or cheat (someone).
Forb	//fɔːrb//	Noun	Greek	Any herbaceous plant that is not a grass, especially one that is palatable to livestock.
Freshet	//ˈfrɛʃɪt//	Noun	Old French	A sudden overflow of a stream or river; a rush of fresh water.
Frotton	//ˈfratən//	Noun	French	A tool or device for rubbing or friction.
Furtum	//ˈfɜːrtəm//	Noun	Latin	In Roman law, the unlawful taking and carrying away of movable property belonging to another.
Gabbro	//ˈgæbroʊ//	Noun	Italian (gabbro)	A dark, coarse-grained intrusive igneous rock.
Gail	//geɪl//	Proper noun	Hebrew	A female given name meaning joy.
Gambado	//gæmˈbaːdoʊ//	Noun	Italian	A leather covering for a horse's leg, or a sudden leap or caper.
Garçon	//gɑːrˈsɒn//	Noun	French	A waiter in a French restaurant.
Gaulish	//ˈgɔːlɪʃ//	adjective	Latin	Relating to Gaul or its inhabitants.
Gent	//dʒɛnt//	noun	English	A polite or respectable man (often used humorously or ironically).
Giantlike	//ˈdʒaɪəntˌlaɪk//	Adjective	English (from Giant)	Resembling a giant in size or strength.
Giraffish	//dʒɪˈræfɪʃ//	Adjective	Arabic (via Italian and French)	Resembling or characteristic of a giraffe, especially in being tall or ungainly.
Glazer	//ˈgleɪzər//	noun	Middle English	A person who glazes pottery or other surfaces.

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Glyptic	//ˈɡlɪptɪk//	adjective	Greek	Relating to the art of carving or engraving on gems or other hard materials.
Godet	//ɡoʊˈdeɪ//	Noun	French	A triangular piece of material inserted into a garment to give it fullness.
Goondie	//ˈɡuːndi//	Noun	Australian Aboriginal	A temporary shelter or hut, often made of branches and bark.
Gracile	//ˈɡræsəl//	Adjective	Latin	Slender and elegant.
Gravure	//ɡrəˈvʃʊr//	Noun	French	A process of printing using an intaglio plate, especially photogravure.
Grisard	// ˈɡrɪzərd//	Noun	French	A gray-haired person or animal, especially a badger.
Gruyere	// ɡruˈʃɛr//	Noun	French	A firm, pale-yellow cheese, originally from Switzerland.
Guiro	//ˈɡwɪroʊ//	Noun	Spanish	A percussion instrument made from a hollow gourd or wood, played by scraping.
Guy	//ɡaɪ//	Noun, Verb	Old French (for rope), English (for effigy), uncertain (for man)	(Noun) A rope or wire; also, a man or boy; (Verb) To secure with a guy rope; to make fun of.
Hafiz	//ˈhɑːfɪz//	Noun	Arabic	A Muslim who has memorized the entire Qur'an.
Hamitic	//həˈmɪtɪk//	Adjective	Hebrew	Relating to a group of languages formerly spoken in northern Africa and the Middle East.
Hardcover	//ˈhɑːrd,kʌvər//	Noun	English	A book bound in stiff covers.
Hay	//heɪ//	Noun	Old English	Grass that has been mown and dried for use as fodder.
Heft	//heft//	Noun, Verb	English	The weight of something, or to lift or carry something.
Hemstitch	//ˈhɛm,stɪtʃ//	Noun	English	A decorative stitch used to finish a hem.
Hewer	//ˈhjuːər//	Noun	Old English	A person who hews, especially wood or coal.
Hippo	//ˈhɪpoʊ//	Noun	Greek	A hippopotamus.
Hokku	//ˈhɑkuː//	noun	Japanese hokku (first verse)	The opening stanza of a renga, from which the modern haiku developed.
Homeowner	//ˈhoʊm,əʊnər//	noun	From home + owner	A person who owns the house they live in.
Hotfoot	//ˈhɑt,fʊt//	Verb	English	To hurry or run away quickly.
Hsin	//ʃɪn//	Noun	Chinese	A common transliteration of a Chinese name or place.
Hula	//ˈhuːlə//	Noun	Hawaiian	A Polynesian dance characterized by flowing hand movements and swaying hips.
Hygeian	//haɪˈdʒiːən//	adjective	Greek	Relating to health or hygiene.
Icarian	//aɪˈkɛrɪən//	Adjective	Latin, from Greek	Relating to Icarus, especially in terms of ambitious or overly daring attempts.
Idaean	//aɪˈdiən//	Adjective	Latin, from Greek	Relating to Mount Ida in Crete or Troy.

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Idleless	/'aɪdələs//	Adjective	Old English	Without idleness; busy. (Rare)
Illeism	/'ɪliːzəm//	Noun	Latin	The practice of referring to oneself in the third person.
Immerge	/'ɪmɜːrdʒ//	Verb	Latin	To plunge into a liquid; immerse.
Incise	/'ɪn'saɪz//	Verb	Latin (incidere 'to cut into')	To cut into (a surface or object) with a sharp instrument.
Inedita	/'ɪnɛdɪtə//	Noun	Latin	Unpublished works.
Inkblot	/'ɪŋkblɔːt//	Noun	English	A blot or stain made with ink, often used in psychological tests.
Intake	/'ɪnteɪk//	noun	English	The action of taking something in.
Irene	/'aɪrɪn//	Noun	Greek	A female given name meaning peace.
Isobase	/'aɪsəˌbeɪs//	Noun	Greek	A line on a map connecting points of equal changes in elevation due to geological uplift or subsidence.
Iwan	/'iwan//	Noun	Persian	A vaulted hall or room, typically open on one side, characteristic of Islamic architecture.
Jacuzzi	/'dʒæ'kuzi//	Noun	Trademark	A brand name for a whirlpool bath or hot tub.
Jamjar	/'dʒæmˌdʒɑːr//	Noun	English	A jar for holding jam.
Jarrah	/'dʒærə//	Noun	Aboriginal Australian (Noongar language)	A large eucalyptus tree native to Western Australia, valued for its timber.
Jazzband	/'dʒæzˌbænd//	Noun	English (from jazz + band)	A musical ensemble that plays jazz.
Jellybean	/'dʒɛliˌbiːn//	Noun	English (from jelly + bean)	A small, bean-shaped candy with a soft, chewy interior and a firm shell.
Jetbead	/'dʒɛtˌbiːd//	Noun	English (from jet + bead)	An ornamental shrub with white flowers and shiny black, bead-like fruits.
Jicara	/'hɪkərə//	Noun	Spanish	A drinking cup or gourd, typically made from a calabash.
Jitney	/'dʒɪtni//	Noun	American English	A small bus or car that carries passengers over a regular route for a small fare.
Johnny	/'dʒɒni//	Noun	English	A diminutive or familiar form of the masculine given name John.
Joshua	/'dʒɔʃuə//	Noun	Hebrew	A masculine given name.
Judgeless	/'dʒʌdʒləs//	Adjective	English	Without a judge.
Juicer	/'dʒuːsəː//	Noun	English	An appliance used for extracting juice from fruit or vegetables.
Jumpstart	/'dʒʌmpˌstɑːrt//	Verb	English	To start a vehicle with a discharged battery by connecting it to another vehicle's battery.
Junto	/'dʒʌntoʊ//	Noun	Spanish (via Italian/French)	A council or assembly, especially a secret one.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Juvenility	//dʒu:və'nɪləti//	Noun	Latin	The state or quality of being juvenile; childishness.
Karaoke	//kæri'ouki//	Noun	Japanese	A form of entertainment in which people sing along to recorded music using a microphone.
Kavass	//kə'væs//	Noun	Turkish	An armed guard or ceremonial attendant in parts of the Middle East.
Keg	//kɛɡ//	Noun	Old Norse	A small barrel, typically used for beer or other alcoholic beverages.
Keramic	//kə'ræmɪk//	Adjective	Greek	Relating to ceramic materials.
Ketone	//'ki:toun//	Noun	German	An organic compound containing a carbonyl group bonded to two hydrocarbon groups.
Kicker	//'kɪkər//	Noun	Old Norse	A person or thing that kicks; an unexpected or hidden drawback.
Kidskin	//'kɪd,skɪn//	Noun	English (compound)	Leather made from the skin of a young goat, typically fine and soft.
Kilroy	//'kɪlrɔɪ//	Proper Noun	Origin uncertain (WWII slang)	A cartoon doodle of a man peeking over a wall, often accompanied by the phrase Kilroy was here.
Kingfish	//'kɪŋfɪʃ//	Noun	English (compound)	Any of several large fish, especially a type of mackerel.
Kit	//kɪt//	Noun	Middle Dutch	A set of articles or equipment for a specific purpose.
Klezmer	//'klezmər//	Noun	Yiddish	A type of traditional instrumental music of Ashkenazic Jews, typically consisting of lively tunes.
Knifeedge	//'naɪfɛdʒ//	Noun	English (compound)	The sharp cutting edge of a knife.
Knowhow	//'nou,haʊ//	Noun	English	Practical knowledge or skill.
Koto	//'koutou//	Noun	Japanese	A traditional Japanese stringed musical instrument, similar to a zither.
Kyat	//kʲɑt//	Noun	Burmese	The basic monetary unit of Myanmar (Burma).
Ladderlike	//'lædər,lɑɪk//	adjective	English	Resembling a ladder in form or function.
Lam	//læm//	verb	Old Norse	To hit hard or beat.
Lanternlike	//'læntərn,lɑɪk//	Adjective	English	Resembling a lantern in shape or appearance.
Larry	//'læri//	Noun	English	A male given name; informal term for a forklift or other heavy lifting equipment.
Lauan	//'lɑ:wɑ:n//	Noun	Filipino	A type of wood from trees of the genus Shorea, native to Southeast Asia.
Layout	//'leɪ,aʊt//	Noun	English	The way in which something is arranged or designed.
Leastwise	//'li:st,wɑɪz//	Adverb	English	At least; at any rate (archaic or dialectal).
Lekvar	//'lekvar//	Noun	Hungarian	A thick fruit jam, especially made from plums.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Leucite	/'lusɪt//	Noun	Greek (leukos 'white')	A white or grayish mineral, a silicate of potassium and aluminum.
Lido	/'lɪdɔʊ//	noun	Italian	A public open-air swimming pool or bathing beach.
Limby	/'lɪmbɪ//	adjective	English	Having strong or prominent limbs.
Linsang	/'lɪŋ,sæŋ//	Noun	Malay	A carnivorous mammal related to civets, found in Southeast Asia.
Llanero	/'ljɑ:'nɛrɔʊ//	Noun	Spanish	A cowboy or herdsman of the South American plains.
Loess	/'lɔʊs//	Noun	German	A yellowish-brown, unstratified, porous, friable, silt-sized sediment.
Lop	// /lɑp//	Verb	Old English	To cut off a branch or limb from a tree.
Louder	// /'laʊdər//	Adjective, Adverb	Old English	Producing more noise.
Low	// /lɔʊ//	Adjective, Adverb, Verb, Noun	Old Norse	Of small height or degree; to make the characteristic sound of a cow.
Lugger	/'lʌgər//	Noun	English	A small sailing vessel with one or more lugsails.
Lutz	// /lʌts//	Proper Noun	German	A type of jump in figure skating.
Mac	// /mæk//	Noun	English	Short for Macintosh (a computer); also, a type of raincoat.
Madame	/'mædəm//	Noun	French	A title or form of address for a French-speaking woman, equivalent to Mrs. or Ms.
Mahatma	// /mə'hɑ:təm//	Noun	Sanskrit	A person regarded with reverence or loving respect; a title given to Mahatma Gandhi.
Makeover	/'meɪk,əʊvər//	Noun	English	A complete transformation or renovation of a person or thing.
Mandlen	/'mændlən//	Noun	Yiddish	Almonds, often used in desserts.
Maraca	// /mə'rɑ:kə//	Noun	Tupi-Guarani (via Portuguese)	A percussive musical instrument, typically made from a dried gourd or coconut shell filled with beans or seeds, and shaken.
Martha	/'mɑ:rθə//	Proper Noun	Aramaic (via Greek and Latin)	A female given name.
Maud	// /mɔ:d//	Noun	German	A female given name.
Mcleod	// /mə'klaʊd//	Noun	Scottish Gaelic	A Scottish surname.
Mega	/'mɛgə//	prefix	Greek	A combining form meaning large, great, or one million.
Mendicatory	// /mɛndɪkə'tɔ:ri//	adjective	Latin	Relating to begging; mendicant.
Metage	// /mɛt.ɪdʒ//	noun	Old French (meter)	The act or cost of measuring goods by weight or bulk.
Mignon	// /mɪnjɑ:n//	Adjective	French	Small and pretty, dainty.
Miljee	// /mɪldʒi://	Noun	Hindi	A kind of striped cotton cloth, typically made in India.
Minnie	// /mɪni//	Proper Noun	English	A female given name.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Misgive	//ˌmɪsˈɡɪv//	Verb	Old English	To fill with doubt or apprehension.
Misty	//ˈmɪsti//	Adjective	Old English	Full of or characterized by mist.
Mnemonic	//ˈmɛnstɪk//	Used as an adjective.	Greek	Relating to memory.
Mole	//moʊl//	Used as a noun.	Old English	A small, burrowing mammal with velvety fur and very small eyes.
Moorage	//ˈmɔːrɪdʒ//	Used as a noun	Old English	A place or fee for mooring a boat.
Mouch	//ˈmaʊtʃ//	Verb	Old French	To scrounge or beg.
Muleta	//muˈleɪtə//	Noun	Spanish	The red cape used by a matador in bullfighting.
Murry	//ˈmɜːri//	Used as an adjective.	Middle English (from Old French).	A color of reddish-purple or mulberry.
Myringa	//ˈmɪˈrɪŋɡə//	Used as a noun.	Latin.	The eardrum (tympanic membrane).
Nameable	//ˈneɪməbl//	Used as an adjective.	English (from name).	Capable of being named or identified.
Nastic	//ˈnæstɪk//	adjective	Greek	Relating to or exhibiting nastic movements in plants, which are non-directional responses to stimuli.
Nebulizer	//ˈneɪbjəˌlaɪzər//	noun	Latin/English	A device for converting a liquid into a fine spray or mist, often used for inhaling medication.
Nene	//ˈneɪneɪ//	noun	Hawaiian	The Hawaiian goose, an endangered species of bird.
Newer	//ˈnuːər//	Adjective	English	More recent or not as old as something else.
Nicest	//ˈnaɪsɪst//	Adjective	Old French	Most pleasant or agreeable.
Nitrite	//ˈnaɪˌtraɪt//	Noun	English	A salt or ester of nitrous acid, used as a food preservative or in industrial processes.
Nodular	//ˈnɔːdʒələr//	Adjective	Latin	Having the form of a nodule or containing nodules.
Nor	//nɔːr//	Conjunction	Old English	Used before the second or further of two or more alternatives when the first is introduced by neither or not.
Novena	//ˈnɒvˌviːnə//	Noun	Latin	A devotion consisting of prayers or services on nine successive days.
Numnah	//ˈnʌmnaː//	Noun	Hindi	A pad placed under a saddle to prevent chafing.
Oak	//oʊk//	Noun	Old English	A large tree with lobed leaves and acorns.
Obadiah	//ˌoʊbəˈdaɪə//	Noun	Hebrew	A Hebrew masculine given name meaning servant of God.
Odder	//ˈɒdər//	adjective (comparative)	Old Norse + English	More unusual or peculiar.
Officialism	//əˈfɪʃjəlɪzəm//	noun	English	Excessive adherence to official forms and rules; bureaucracy.
Oil	//ɔɪl//	noun	Latin	A viscous liquid, typically immiscible with water and flammable.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Oliver	//ˈɑːlɪvər//	noun	German	A male given name; a tool or device for working metal.
Oneself	//wʌn'sɛlf//	pronoun	English	Used as the object of a verb or preposition when the subject is 'one'.
Opah	//ˈoʊpɑː//	noun	Hawaiian	A large, colorful, disc-shaped deep-sea fish, also known as a moonfish.
Orb	//ɔːrb//	noun	Latin	A spherical body or globe.
Orogeny	//ɔːˈrɑːdʒəni//	noun	Greek	The process of mountain formation.
Our	//aʊr//	possessive pronoun	Old English	Belonging to or associated with the speaker and one or more other people.
Outstretch	//,aʊt'stretʃ//	verb	English	To extend outwards.
Overstuff	//,oʊvər'stʌf//	verb	English	To fill something with too much stuffing.
Oxford	//'ɑːksfərd//	noun	Old English	A city in England; a type of shoe or shirt.
Padre	//'padreɪ//	Noun	Spanish/Italian (from Latin)	A title for a priest or chaplain, especially in military contexts.
Palmyra	//pæl'maɪrə//	Noun	Latin (from Greek, from Aramaic Tadmor)	An ancient city in central Syria, or a type of palm tree (Borassus flabellifer).
Paneity	//pæ'nɪti//	Noun	Latin (panis 'bread')	The state or quality of being bread.
Paranee	//,pære'niː//	Noun	Scottish Gaelic	A historical term for a small parcel of land, especially in Scotland.
Partway	//'pɑːrt,weɪ//	adverb	English	Part of the way; to some extent.
Patache	//pə'tæʃ//	noun	Spanish	A small, light sailing ship, typically used for dispatch or coastal trade.
Pay	//peɪ//	verb	Old French	To give money to (someone) in return for goods or services.
Peltate	//'pɛltɪt//	Adjective	Latin	(Of a leaf) having the stalk attached to the center of the lower surface rather than to the margin.
Pesto	//'pestoʊ//	Noun	Italian	A sauce of crushed basil leaves, pine nuts, garlic, Parmesan cheese, and olive oil.
Phoresy	//'fɔːresɪ//	noun	Greek	A form of commensalism where one organism transports another.
Picol	//'pɪkəl//	noun	Unknown (possibly a variant or uncommon term)	A unit of length, sometimes related to nautical measurements, or a minor chemical term.
Pikel	//'paɪkəl//	Noun	German	A pickaxe (regional).
Pindar	//'pɪndɑːr//	Proper Noun	Greek	An ancient Greek lyric poet.
Pitta	//'pɪtə//	Noun	Sanskrit	One of the three doshas (humors) in Ayurvedic medicine, associated with metabolism and digestion.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Platt	//plæt//	(noun/proper noun)	English (surname, also Middle English meaning flat piece of ground)	A surname; also, a small piece of land (archaic).
Pocketful	//'pɑ:kɪtful//	noun	English	An amount that fills a pocket.
Pollard	//'pɑ:lərd//	Noun, Verb	English	A tree cut back to the trunk to produce a dense mass of shoots; or to cut back a tree in this way.
Porkpie	//'pɔrk,paɪ//	Noun	English	A small, round, savory pie filled with chopped pork.
Prakrit	//'pra:kɪt//	Noun, Adjective	Sanskrit	Any of the various ancient and medieval Indic languages, closely related to Sanskrit.
Pretzel	// 'prɛtsəl//	(noun) A glazed, often salted, biscuit, usually in a knot shape.	German	A glazed, often salted, biscuit, typically in the shape of a loose knot.
Pronto	// 'pra:ntʊs//	adverb	Italian	promptly; quickly.
Pschent	//'skɛnt//	Noun	Egyptian	The double crown of ancient Egypt, combining the white crown of Upper Egypt and the red crown of Lower Egypt.
Punter	//'pʌntər//	noun	English	A person who gambles, especially on horse races.
Quadder	//'kwɑ:dər//	noun	English	A person or device that forms things into groups of four.
Quarryable	//'kwɑ:riəbəl//	Used as an adjective	From quarry + -able	Capable of being quarried.
Quavery	//'kweɪvəri//	He had a quavery laugh. (adjective)	English (from quaver + -y)	Tending to quaver; tremulous or shaky.
Queueable	//'kju:əbəl//	The task was queueable and could be processed later. (adjective)	English (from queue + -able)	Capable of being placed in a queue or line.
Quietener	//'kwaɪətənər//	Noun	English	Something that makes something else quiet.
Quiltwork	//'kwɪlt,wɜ:rk//	Noun	English	The art or product of making quilts.
Quoddy	//'kwɑ:di//	Noun	English	Referring to Passamaquoddy Bay or people.
Racer	//'reɪsər//	Noun	English	A person, animal, or vehicle that races.
Rainbowish	//reɪn,bou.ɪʃ//	Adjective	English	Having characteristics or colors resembling a rainbow.
Ralph	//rælf//	Proper Noun	Old Norse	A male given name.
Rankine	//ræŋkɪn//	Proper Noun	Scottish Engineer	A scale of absolute temperature based on Fahrenheit degrees.
Ratel	//ratəl//	Noun	Dutch	A badger-like carnivore native to Africa and Asia, also known as a honey badger.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Readingbook	//ˈriːdɪŋ,bʊk//	Noun	English (from reading + book)	A book used for learning to read; a primer.
Rebote	//rəˈbɒt//	Noun	Spanish	A rebound, especially in pelota or jai alai.
Recommender	//ˌrɛkəˈmɛndər//	Noun	English	A person who recommends.
Reddish	//ˈrɛdɪʃ//	Adjective	Old English	Somewhat red.
Reenact	//ˌriːˈnækt//	Verb	English (re- + enact)	To act out (a past event) again.
Regroup	//ˌriːˈɡruːp//	Verb	English (re- + group)	To form into a new or different group.
Remuda	//rɪˈmuːdə//	Noun	Spanish	A herd of horses from which those needed are chosen.
Requester	//rɪˈkwɛstər//	noun	Old French	A person who makes a request.
Restate	//ˌriːˈsteɪt//	verb	English (from re- + state)	To state again or in a different way.
Reviewable	//rɪˈvjuːəbəl//	adjective	English	Capable of being reviewed.
Rhythmicity	//ˌrɪðˈmɪsəti//	Noun	Greek	The quality of being rhythmic.
Riddler	//ˈrɪdlər//	Noun	Old English	A person who poses riddles or speaks in riddles.
Riptide	//ˈrɪpˌtaɪd//	Noun	English	A strong current flowing outwards from a beach through a break in the surf.
Roadblock	//ˈroʊdˌblɒk//	Noun	English	A barrier placed across a road to stop or slow traffic; an obstacle.
Rockfall	//ˈrɒkˌfɔːl//	Noun	English	A fall of rocks, especially down a cliff or hillside.
Rollingpin	//ˈroʊlɪŋˌpɪn//	Noun	English	A cylinder, typically with a handle at each end, used for flattening dough.
Roomful	//ˈrʊmˌfʊl//	Noun	English	As many people or things as a room can hold.
Roseola	//roʊˈziːələ//	Noun	Latin	A mild viral infection, typically affecting young children.
Router	//ˈrʊtər//	Noun	English	A device that forwards data packets; a woodworking tool.
Rubberband	//ˈrʌbərˌbænd//	Noun	English	A continuous loop of rubber used for holding things together.
Rulebook	//ˈruːlˌbʊk//	Noun	English	A book containing the rules for a particular game or activity.
Rurality	//rʊˈrælɪti//	Noun	Latin	The state or quality of being rural; a rural area or way of life.
Sabot	//ˈsæboʊ//	Noun	French	A wooden shoe; a type of shoe with a wooden sole.
Saffian	//ˈsæfiən//	Noun	Turkish (from Persian)	A type of fine, colored leather, typically made from goatskin.
Saltire	//ˈsælˌtaɪr//	Noun	Old French	A heraldic cross in the form of an X.
Sandpaper	//ˈsændˌpeɪpər//	Noun	English	Stiff paper with sand or other abrasive material glued to one side, used for smoothing or polishing surfaces.
Saran	//səˈræn//	Noun	Coined name	A synthetic plastic material, often used as a cling wrap.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Saurian	/'sɔ:riən//	Adjective	Greek	Relating to or resembling lizards.
Scaleable	/'sketləbəl//	Adjective	English	Capable of being easily expanded or modified to suit a new purpose or scale.
Schuyt	//ʃaɪt//	Noun	Dutch	A small Dutch trading vessel.
Scumble	/'skʌmbəl//	Verb	Dutch	To soften or blur the outline or colors of (a drawing or painting) by rubbing.
Seasonalize	/'si:zənə,lɑɪz//	Used as a verb.	Old French / English	To adjust data to remove seasonal variations.
Seeker	/'si:kər//	Used as a noun.	Old English	A person who is seeking something.
Selion	/'si:liən//	noun	Old French	A strip of land, especially one forming part of a common field.
Set	//set//	verb	Old English	Put, lay, or stand (something) in a specified place or position.
Shar	//ʃɑ:r//	Noun	Persian	A Persian name for a king or emperor.
Sheri	/'ʃeri//	Noun	English (given name)	A female given name.
Shole	//ʃou//	Noun	Yiddish	A Jewish synagogue.
Shutout	/'ʃʌt,aʊt//	Noun	English	A game or contest in which one side prevents the other from scoring.
Sillar	/'sɪlər//	Adjective	English	Relating to a sill.
Sippet	/'sɪpɪt//	noun	English	a small piece of toast or fried bread, often served with soup.
Skeeter	/'ski:tər//	noun	American English (informal)	a mosquito.
Skookum	/'sku:kəm//	adjective, noun	Chinook Jargon	excellent, strong, or reliable.
Smalto	/'smæltou//	Noun	Italian	Enamel, especially opaque glass used in mosaics.
Snuffer	/'snʌfər//	Noun	English	A device for extinguishing a candle.
Soiree	//swɑ:'reɪ//	Noun	French	An evening party or social gathering, typically held in a private house for conversation or music.
Someday	/'sʌm,deɪ//	Adverb	Old English	At an unspecified time in the future.
Sorel	/'sɔ:rəl//	Noun	Old French	A reddish-brown color, especially of a horse.
Soybean	/'sɔɪ,bi:n//	Noun	Japanese/English	The edible bean of the soy plant.
Spellable	/'spɛləbəl//	Adjective	English	Able to be spelled.
Spitz	//spɪts//	Noun	German (meaning pointed)	A type of dog, such as a Pomeranian, with a dense, long coat, pointed ears, and a tail that curls over its back.
Squdgy	/'skwʌdʒi//	Adjective	Origin Unknown	Soft, yielding, and often damp or muddy.
Starer	/'stɛrər//	Noun	Old English	One who stares.
Stickum	/'stɪkəm//	noun	English	A sticky substance, especially an adhesive.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Streaky	//ˈstriːki//	Adjective	English	Marked with streaks.
Studentish	//ˈstuːdntɪʃ//	Adjective	English	Characteristic of or resembling a student, especially in behavior or appearance.
Sublimity	//səˈblɪmɪti//	noun	Latin	The quality of being sublime.
Sumi	//ˈsuːmi//	noun	Japanese	A type of black ink stick used in East Asian calligraphy and painting.
Superfast	//ˌsuːpərˈfæst//	adjective	English	Extremely fast.
Susan	//ˈsuːzən//	proper noun	Hebrew	A female given name.
Swifter	// ˈswɪftər//	Adjective	Old English	Moving more quickly or at greater speed.
System.	// ˈsɪstəm//	Noun	Greek	A set of connected things or parts forming a complex whole. (Repeated word, same meaning and pronunciation)
Tad	// ˈtæd//	Noun	English	A small amount.
Takeover	//ˈteɪk,ʊvər//	Noun	English (compound)	An act of assuming control of something, especially a company or organization.
Tamest	//ˈteɪməst//	Adjective	Old English	Superlative form of 'tame'; most domesticated or least wild.
Tanya	//ˈtɑːnjəl//	Noun	Russian	A female given name, a diminutive of Tatyana.
Tarsier	//ˈtɑːsiər//	Noun	French	A small, nocturnal primate found in Southeast Asia.
Taxiway	//ˈtæksɪ,weɪ//	Noun	English	A path connecting aircraft parking areas with runways.
Teenagehood	//ˈtiːn,eɪdʒ,hʊd//	Noun	English	The period of being a teenager.
Ten	//tɛn//	number	Old English	Equivalent to the sum of five and five; one more than nine.
Terran	//ˈtɛrən//	Noun, Adjective	Latin	An inhabitant of Earth, or relating to Earth.
Theatre	//ˈθiːətər//	Noun	Greek (via Old French)	A building or outdoor area where plays, films, or other performances are given.
Thinner	//ˈθɪnər//	adjective	Old English	Comparative form of thin.
Tic	//tɪk//	Noun	French	A habitual spasmodic contraction of the muscles, most often of the face.
Tignon	//ˈtɪnjɑːn//	Noun	French	A hairstyle in which hair is worn in a bun or chignon.
Timbery	//ˈtɪmbəri//	Adjective	English	Resembling or characteristic of timber or wood.
Tipper	//ˈtɪpər//	Noun	English	A person who gives a tip, especially a gratuity or confidential information.
Tocusso	//təˈkʌsʊs//	Noun	Oromo	An edible African cereal grass.
Tombolo	//ˈtɒm,bɒləʊs//	Noun	Italian	A sandy isthmus connecting an island to the mainland or to another island.
Toolach	//ˈtuːlək//	Noun	Aboriginal (Australia)	A species of acacia tree native to Australia.
Torero	//təˈrɛrʊs//	Noun	Spanish	A bullfighter.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Tourguide	/'tʊr,ɡaɪd//	Noun	English	A person who conducts tours of places of interest.
Tracker	/'trækər//	noun	English	A person or device that tracks.
Trepak	// 'trɛpɑ:k//	(Noun)	Russian	A traditional Ukrainian folk dance.
Triton	/'traɪtən//	Noun	Greek	A mythological Greek sea god, son of Poseidon.
Try	//traɪ//	Verb / Noun	Old French	To attempt to do something.
Tunnage	/'tʌnɪdʒ//	Noun	English	The capacity of a ship or other vessel expressed in tons.
Tux	// 'tʌks/ //	Noun	American English (short for tuxedo)	A tuxedo.
Typp	// 'tɪp/ //	Noun	English (acronym for Thousands of Yards Per Pound)	A unit of yarn count, specifying the number of thousands of yards per pound.
Umpty	//'ʌmptɪ//	Adjective	English	An indefinite number; many.
Undertook	//,ʌndər'tʊk//	Verb	Old English (underniman)	Took on (a task or responsibility); began to do (something).
Unhat	//ʌn'hæt//	Verb	English	To remove one's hat.
Unific	//ju:'nɪfɪk//	Adjective	Latin, English	Tending to unify; unifying.
Unlaid	//,ʌn'leɪd//	Adjective	Old English (un- + lecgan)	Not laid; not placed or arranged.
Unmeet	//ʌn'mi:t//	Adjective	Old English (un- + metan)	Not suitable or proper.
Unpitiful	//,ʌn'pɪtɪfəl//	Adjective	English	Not showing or inspiring pity; merciless.
Unsaddle	//ʌn'sæd//	verb	English	To remove the saddle from a horse.
Unthread	//ʌn'θreɪd//	verb	English	To remove thread from; to unstring.
Updraft	//'ʌp,dræft//	Noun	English (from up + draft)	An upward current of air or gas.
Urgrund	//'ʊər,ɡrʊnd//	noun	German	A primal or fundamental principle, origin, or source.
Utilitybox	//ju'tɪlətɪ,bɑ:ks//	noun	English	A box for storing useful items or containing utility connections.
Vagal	//'veɪgəl//	adjective	Latin (vagus)	Relating to the vagus nerve.
Vanessa	//və'nesə//	noun	English	A feminine given name, or a genus of butterflies.
Veery	//'viəri//	noun	Onomatopoeic	A North American thrush known for its spiraling song.
Ventureless	//'ventʃərɪləs//	Adjective	English (from venture)	Lacking in venturesome spirit or daring; timid.
Vesselful	//'vesəlfʊl//	Noun	English	The amount that a vessel can hold.
Vie	//vaɪ//	Verb	Old French	To compete eagerly with someone in order to achieve something.
Vinic	//'vɪnɪk//	Used as an adjective.	Latin	Of or relating to wine.

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Vitrine	//vɪ'tri:n//	Used as a noun.	French	A glass cabinet or case, especially for displaying articles.
Volador	//,voulə'dɔr//	Noun	Spanish	A flying fish or a traditional Mexican dance.
Voyageable	//'vɔɪdʒəbəl//	Adjective	English	Capable of being navigated or traversed by a voyage.
Warier	//'wɛrɪər//	Adjective	Old English	More cautious or suspicious.
Waterlog	//'wɔtərɒg//	Verb	English	To fill or become filled with water to the point of being unable to move or function.
We	//wi//	Pronoun	Old English	Used by a speaker to refer to himself or herself and one or more other people.
Website	//'weɪbsaɪt//	Noun	English	A set of related web pages served from a single web domain.
Wet	//wɛt//	Adjective	Old English	Covered or saturated with water or other liquid.
Whipstitch	//'wɪp,stɪtʃ//	Verb	English (from whip + stitch)	To sew with a whipstitch.
Wiccap	//'wɪkæp//	Proper Noun	Unknown	An obscure or non-standard term, possibly a proper noun.
Win	//wɪn//	Verb, Noun	Old English	Be successful or victorious in (a contest or conflict).
Wintery	//'wɪntəri//	Adjective	English	Characteristic of winter; cold and bleak.
Wive	//waɪv//	Verb	Old English	To take a wife; to marry.
Worshiper	//'wɜːʃɪpər//	Noun	English	A person who worships.
Wryneck.	//'raɪ,nɛk//	Noun	English	A Eurasian woodpecker that can turn its head almost 180 degrees.
Xerocline	//'zɪərəʊ,klaɪn//	Noun	Greek	A zone or boundary in an ecosystem characterized by changes in moisture levels.
Xmark	//'ɛks,mɑːrk//	Noun	English (X + mark)	A mark in the shape of the letter X, often used for selection or cancellation.
Xmaspresent	//'ɛksməs,pɹɛzənt//	Noun	English (Xmas + present)	A gift given at Christmas.
Xraycart	//'ɛks,reɪ,kɑːrt//	Noun	English (X-ray + cart)	A mobile cart designed to hold X-ray equipment.
Xrayroom	//'ɛks,reɪ,ru:m//	Noun	English (X-ray + room)	A room equipped for taking X-ray images.
Xscript	//'ɛks,skrɪpt//	Noun	English (X + script)	A script or program, often associated with a specific 'X' system or platform.
Xvariance	//'ɛks,vɛəriəns//	Noun	English (X + variance)	Variance specifically along the X-axis or for an 'X' variable.
Xylitolish	//'zaɪlɪto:lɪʃ//	Adjective	Greek (xylon) + English (-ish)	Having properties or a taste similar to xylitol.
Xylulose	//'zaɪljʊ,lʊs//	Noun	Greek	A pentose sugar found in various plant materials and in the human body.

Word	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Origin	Meaning
Yak	//jæk//	Noun	Tibetan	A large, shaggy-haired ox native to Tibet and Central Asia.
Yardhouse	//'jɑ:rdhɑ:s//	Noun	English (from yard + house)	A building located in a yard, often for storage or utility.
Yarnspinner	//'jɑ:rnspɪnər//	Noun	English (from yarn + spinner)	A person who spins yarn or tells long, often exaggerated stories.
Yearningful	//'jɜ:rnɪŋfʊl//	Adjective	English (from yearning + -ful)	Full of yearning.
Yellowy	//'jelʊi//	Adjective	English	Somewhat yellow; yellowish.
Yizkor	//'jɪzkɔr//	Noun	Hebrew	A memorial prayer for the dead recited in Jewish synagogues.
Yogurtcup	//'jɔ:gɜrt,kʌp//	Noun	English	A container, often disposable, for a single serving of yogurt.
Yon	//jɑn//	Adjective	Old English	That or those (over there) (archaic or dialectal).
Yuletideful	//'ju:l,tɑɪd,fʊl//	Adjective	English	Full of or characteristic of the Yuletide season.
Zag	//zæg//	Noun/Verb	Imitative	A sharp, quick change of direction, or to make such a change.
Zebeck	//'zi:bɛk//	Noun	French	A small, three-masted Mediterranean sailing vessel.
Zeroable	//'zɪrʊəbəl//	Adjective	English	Capable of being reduced to zero or set to a zero position.
Zigzagish	//'zɪg,zæɡɪʃ//	Adjective	French + English	Somewhat like a zigzag.
Zingerish	//'zɪŋərɪʃ//	Adjective	Onomatopoeic + English	Having characteristics of a zinger; sharp or lively.
Zippery	//'zɪpəri//	Adjective	Onomatopoeic + English	Having the characteristics of a zipper; easily zippered or unzipped.
Zodiacsign	//'zɔ:di,æk,sɑɪn//	Noun	Greek + English	One of the twelve divisions of the zodiac, each associated with a constellation.
Zoochemical	//,zu:ʊ'kɛmɪkəl//	Adjective	Greek + Arabic	Relating to the chemistry of animal bodies.
Zoologyish	//zu'ɑ:lɔdʒɪʃ//	Adjective	Greek + English	Somewhat like zoology.
Zootaxy	//'zɔ:ʊtæksɪ//	noun	Greek	The scientific classification of animals.
Zygomorphy	//,zɑɪgʊ'mɔ:rfi//	noun	Greek	The condition of having bilateral symmetry, especially in flowers.